		OMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (TH1) - 6TH SEMESTER ETC
Week	No of Periods Alloted(6	•
	1. RADAR & NAVIGATIO	
	1st	1.1 Basic Radar, advantages & applications
1ST	2nd	1.2 Working principle of Simple Radar system , its types
131	3rd	1.3 Radar range equation & Performance factor of radar.
	4th	1.4 Working principle of Pulsed Radar system
	5th	1.5 Function of radar indication and Working principle of moving target indicator.
	1st	1.6 Define Doppler effect&Working principle of C.W Radar
2ND	2nd	1.7 Radar aids to Navigation
	3rd	1.8 MTI Radar- working principle
	4th	1.9 Aircraft landing system
	5th	1.10 Navigation Satellite System.(NAVSAT) & GPS System
	2. SATELLITE COMMUN	
	1st	2.1 Basic Satellite Transponder & Kepler's Laws
	2nd	2.2 Satellite Orbital patterns and elevation(LEO,MEO & GEO) categories
		2.3 Concept of Geostationary Satellite, calculate its height, velocity & round trip time
3RD	3rd	delay & their advantage & disadvantage
	J. J. W.	2.3 Concept of Geostationary Satellite, calculate its height, velocity & round trip time
		delay & their advantage & disadvantage
	4th	delay & their advantage & disadvantage
	5th	2.4 Working of the Satellite sub system
		2.5 Satellite frequency allocation and frequency bands
	1st	2.5 Satellite frequency allocation and frequency bands
	34	2.6 Congral structure of catallita Link system (Unlink Down link Transponder Crosslink
4TH	2nd	2.6 General structure of satellite Link system (Uplink, Down link, Transponder, Crosslink
	3rd	2.7 Working principle of direct broadcast system (DBS)
	4th	2.8 Working principle of VSAT system
	5th	2.9 Define multiple accessing & name various types.
		2.10 Time Division Multiple Accessing (TDMA) & Code Division Multiple Accessing (CDM
	1st	– block diagram, its advantages & dis-advantages.
		2.10 Time Division Multiple Accessing(TDMA) & Code Division Multiple Accessing (CDM
5TH	2nd	– block diagram, its advantages & dis-advantages.
	3rd	2.11 Satellite Application- Communication Satellite(MSAT), Digital Satellite Radio.
	4th	2.12 Working principle of GPS Receiver & Transmitter& applications
	5th	2.13 Optical Satellite Link transmitter & Receiver
	3. OPTICAL FIBER COMI	MUNICATION - 15P
	1st	3.1 Basic principle of Optical communication
	2nd	3.2 Compare the advantage and disadvantage of optical fibres&metallic cables
CTU	3rd	3.3 Electromagnetic Frequency and wave line spectrum
6ТН	4th	3.4 Types of optical fibres&principles of propogation in a fibre using Ray Theory
		3.5 Optical fiber construction
		3.6 Define terms: Velocity of propagation, Critical angle, Acceptance angle
	5th	numericalaperture
	1st	3.7 Optical fibre communication system- block diagram & working principle
	2nd	3.8 Modes of propagation and index profile of optical fiber
		3.9 Types optical fiber configuration: Single-mode step index, Multi-mode step index,
	3rd	Multi-mode Graded index
7TH		3.10 Attenuation in optical fibers – Absorption losses, scattering, losses, bending losses
		core and cladding losses- Dispersion – material Dispersion, waveguide dispersion,
	/+h	
	4th	Intermodal dispersion 3.11 Optical sources/Transmitter) & types LED comisenductor laser diades
	5th	3.11 Optical sources(Transmitter) & types – LED- semiconductor laser diodes
8ТН	1st	3.12 LASER -its working principles, block diagram using laser feedback control circuit
		3.13 Optical detectors – PIN and APD diodes &Block diagram using APDConnectors and
	2nd	splices –Optical cables - Couplers
	3rd	3.14 Optical repeater & Single Channel system
	4th	3.15 Applications of optical fibres – civil, Industry and Military application
	5th	3.16 Concept of Wave Length Division Multiplexing (WDM) principles.
	4.TELECOMMUNICATIO	

	2nd	4.2 Function of switching system.& Call procedures
9ТН	3rd	4.2 Function of switching system.& Call procedures
	4th	4.3 Space and time switching.
	401	4.5 Space and time switching.
	5th	4.4 Numbering plan of telephone networks (National Schemes & International Numbering)
10TH	1st	4.5 Working principle of a PBX & Digital EPABX
	2nd	4.5 Working principle of a PBX & Digital EPABX
	3rd	4.6 Units of Power Measurement.
	4th	4.7 Working principle of Internet Protocol Telephone
	5th	4.8 Working principle of Internet Telephone
	5.Data Communication - 10	
	1st	5.1 Basic concept of Data Communication
11TH	2nd	5.2 Architecture, Protocols and Standards
	3rd	5.2 Architecture, Protocols and Standards 5.2 Architecture, Protocols and Standards
	4th	5.3 Data Communication Circuits
		5.4 Types of Transmission & Transmission Modes
	5th	5.5 Data Communication codes
	1st	5.5 Data Communication codes
13711	2nd	5.6 Basic idea of Error control & Error Detection
12TH	3rd	
	4th	5.6 Basic idea of Error control & Error Detection
	5th	5.7 MODEM & its basic block diagram& common features Voice Band Modem
	6.WIRELESS COMMUNICAT	
	1.1	6.1 Basic concept of Cell Phone, frequency reuse channel assignment strategic handoff co-
	1st	channel Interference and system capacity of a Cellular Radio systems.
13TH	24	6.1 Basic concept of Cell Phone, frequency reuse channel assignment strategic handoff co-
13111	2nd	channel Interference and system capacity of a Cellular Radio systems.
	24	6.2 Concept of improving coverage and capacity in cellular system (Cell Splitting,
	3rd	Sectoring)
	4th	6.3 Wireless Systems and its Standards.
	5th	6.4 Discuss the GSM (Global System for Mobile) service and features.
	104	6 E Architecture of GCM system & GCM mobile station & shannel tunes of GCM system
	1st	6.5 Architecture of GSM system & GSM mobile station &channel types of GSM system.
	24	C. C. Aughiteature of CCAA system 9. CCAA markila station 9 shapped tures of CCAA system
14TH	2nd	6.5 Architecture of GSM system & GSM mobile station &channel types of GSM system.
	21	6.6 working of forward and reveres CDMA channel, the frequency and channel
	3rd	specifications
	4th	6.7 Architecture and features of GPRS.
	5th	6.8 Discuss the mobile TCP, IP protocol.
	1st	6.8 Discuss the mobile TCP, IP protocol.
4=	2nd	6.8 Discuss the mobile TCP, IP protocol.
15TH	3rd	6.9 Working of Wireless Application Protocol (WAP).
	4th	6.10 Features of SMS, MMS, 1G,2G, 3G, 4G& 5G Wireless network.
	5th	6.11 Smart Phone and discuss its features indicate through Block diagram.